

SHARP

Worksheet 8 Memorandum: Solving Equations

Grade 10 Technical Mathematics

1. a) $3x + 7 = 12$

$$3x = 5$$

$$x = \frac{5}{3}$$

b) $3(x + 7) - 4 = 2(x - 2)$

$$3x + 21 - 4 = 2x - 4$$

$$3x - 2x = -4 + 4 - 21$$

$$x = -21$$

c) $\frac{4}{x} + 2 = 8$

$$\frac{4}{x} = 6$$

$$4 = 6x$$

$$x = \frac{4}{6} \text{ or } \frac{2}{3}$$

d) $m(m + 3) - 7 = m^2 + 2m - 1$

$$m^2 + 3m - 7 = m^2 + 2m - 1$$

$$m = -1 + 7$$

$$m = 6$$

e) $\frac{p+3}{5} - 8 = 1$

$$\frac{p+3}{5} = 9$$

$$p + 3 = 45$$

$$p = 42$$

f) $\frac{1}{2}(q + 3) - 4 = \frac{1}{4}(q - 3)$

$$\frac{1}{2}q + \frac{3}{2} - 4 = \frac{1}{4}q - \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}q - \frac{1}{4}q = -\frac{3}{4} + 4 - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}q = 1\frac{3}{4}$$

$$q = 7$$

g) $\frac{y}{3} + \frac{y+1}{2} = 7$

$$\frac{2y}{6} + \frac{3y+3}{6} = 7$$

$$5y + 3 = 42$$

$$5y = 39$$

$$y = \frac{39}{5} \text{ or } 7\frac{4}{5}$$

h) $\frac{1}{x} + 8 = 3$

$$\frac{1}{x} = -5$$

$$1 = -5x$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{5}$$



$$i) \quad t(t + 4) - 5t = t(6 + t) - 8$$

$$t^2 + 4t - 5t = 6t + t^2 - 8$$

$$-t - 6t = -8$$

$$-7t = -8$$

$$t = \frac{8}{7} \text{ or } 1\frac{1}{7}$$

$$j) \quad (m + 3)(m - 6) = (m - 4)(m - 7)$$

$$m^2 - 3m - 18 = m^2 - 11m + 28$$

$$-3m + 11m = 28 + 18$$

$$8m = 46$$

$$m = \frac{46}{8} \text{ or } 5\frac{3}{4}$$

$$2. \quad a) \quad \frac{y+4}{3} - \frac{2y-3}{5} = \frac{y}{15}$$

$$\frac{5y+20}{15} - \frac{6y-9}{15} = \frac{y}{15}$$

$$5y + 20 - 6y + 9 = y$$

$$5y - 6y - y = -20 - 9$$

$$-2y = -29$$

$$y = \frac{29}{2} \text{ or } 14\frac{1}{2}$$

$$b) \quad \frac{3y+1}{4} - \frac{\frac{3}{4}y^2-1}{y} = 7$$

$$\frac{3y^2+y}{4y} - \frac{3y^2-4}{4y} = \frac{28y}{4y}$$

$$3y^2 + y - 3y^2 + 4 = 28y$$

$$y - 28y = -4$$

$$-27y = -4$$

$$y = \frac{4}{27}$$

$$c) \quad \frac{(y+3)(y-9)}{y+1} = \frac{3y-7}{3}$$

$$\frac{3(y^2-6y-27)}{3(y+1)} = \frac{(3y-7)(y+1)}{3(y+1)}$$

$$3y^2 - 18y - 81 = 3y^2 - 4y - 7$$

$$-18y + 4y = -7 + 81$$

$$-14y = 74$$

$$y = -5\frac{2}{7}$$

$$d) \quad \frac{m-9}{m+3} - \frac{2m+8}{m-5} + 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{(m-9)(m-5) - (2m+8)(m+3) + (m+3)(m-5)}{(m+3)(m-5)} = 0$$

$$m^2 - 14m + 45 - (2m^2 + 14m + 24) + m^2 - 2m - 15 = 0$$

$$2m^2 - 16m + 30 - 2m^2 - 14m - 24 = 0$$

$$-30m + 6 = 0$$

$$-30m = -6$$

$$m = \frac{1}{5}$$



e) $\frac{2a-7}{b} - \frac{3a-4}{4} = 7b$ solve for a in terms of b.

$$\frac{8a-28}{4b} - \frac{3ab-4b}{4b} = \frac{28b^2}{4b}$$

$$8a - 28 - 3ab + 4b = 28b^2$$

$$8a - 3ab = 28b^2 + 28 - 4b$$

$$a(8 - 3b) = 28b^2 - 4b + 28$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{28b^2 - 4b + 28}{8 - 3b}$$

3. a) $x^2 + 14x - 240 = 0$

$$(x - 10)(x + 24) = 0$$

$$\therefore x - 10 = 0 \text{ or } x + 24 = 0$$

$$\therefore x = 10 \quad \text{or } x = -24$$

b) $x^2 - 7x + 10 = 0$

$$(x - 5)(x - 2) = 0$$

$$\therefore x - 5 = 0 \text{ or } x - 2 = 0$$

$$\therefore x = 5 \quad \text{or } x = 2$$

c) $x(x + 7) = -4(2x + 11)$

$$x^2 + 7x = -8x - 44$$

$$x^2 + 15x + 44 = 0$$

$$(x + 4)(x + 11) = 0$$

$$\therefore x = -4 \text{ or } x = -11$$

d) $m^2 - 19 = 5(m + 1)$

$$m^2 - 19 = 5m + 5$$

$$m^2 - 5m - 24 = 0$$

$$(m - 8)(m + 3) = 0$$

$$m = 8 \text{ or } m = -3$$

e) $(p + 6)(p + 1) = 24$

$$p^2 + 7p + 6 = 24$$

$$p^2 + 7p - 18 = 0$$

$$(p + 9)(p - 2) = 0$$

$$p = -9 \text{ or } p = 2$$

f) $m(m + 4) = 4(m + 4)$

$$m^2 + 4m = 4m + 16$$

$$m^2 - 16 = 0$$

$$(m - 4)(m + 4) = 0$$

$$m = 4 \text{ or } m = -4$$



$$g) \quad t(t - 15) = 12\left(t - 10\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$t^2 - 15t = 12t - 126$$

$$t^2 - 27t + 126 = 0$$

$$(t - 6)(t - 21) = 0$$

$$t = 6 \text{ or } t = 21$$

$$h) \quad (w - 7)(w + 7) = 3(5 - 4w)$$

$$w^2 - 49 = 15 - 12w$$

$$w^2 + 12w - 64 = 0$$

$$(w + 16)(w - 4) = 0$$

$$w = -16 \text{ or } w = 4$$

$$i) \quad (y - 3)(y - 15) = -20$$

$$y^2 - 18y + 45 = -20$$

$$y^2 - 18y + 65 = 0$$

$$(y - 13)(y - 5) = 0$$

$$y = 13 \text{ or } y = 5$$

$$j) \quad (a + 3)(a + 1) = 2(69 - a)$$

$$a^2 + 4a + 3 = 138 - 2a$$

$$a^2 + 6a - 135 = 0$$

$$(a - 9)(a + 15) = 0$$

$$a = 9 \text{ or } a = -15$$

$$4. \quad a) \quad y = 3x - 5 \quad 1 \quad \text{and} \quad x = 5y - 3 \quad 2$$

Subs 1 into 2:

$$x = 5(3x - 5) - 3$$

$$x = 15x - 25 - 3$$

$$-14x = -28$$

$$x = 2$$

Subs back into 1

$$y = 3(2) - 5$$

$$y = 6 - 5$$

$$y = 1$$

$$b) \quad 0 = 2x + 7y \quad 1 \quad \text{and} \quad 8 = 2x - y$$

$$y = 2x - 8 \quad 2$$

Subs 2 into 1

$$0 = 2x + 7(2x - 8)$$

$$0 = 2x + 14x - 56$$

$$-16x = -56$$

$$x = 3\frac{1}{2}$$

Subs back into 2

$$y = 2\left(3\frac{1}{2}\right) - 8$$

$$y = 7 - 8$$

$$y = -1$$



c) $\frac{m+n}{3} = 4$ and $3m - 2n = 8$ 2

$$m + n = 12$$

$$m = 12 - n \quad 1$$

Subs back into 1

$$m = 12 - 5\frac{3}{5}$$

$$m = 6\frac{2}{5}$$

Subs 1 into 2:

$$3(12 - n) - 2n = 8$$

$$36 - 3n - 2n = 8$$

$$-5n = -28$$

$$n = 5\frac{3}{5}$$

d) $-\frac{1}{3}m - 2n = 5$ and $-\frac{1}{2}n + 2m + 3 = 0$ 2

$$-\frac{1}{3}m = 5 + 2n$$

$$m = -15 - 6n \quad 1$$

Subs back into 1

$$m = -15 - 6\left(-2\frac{4}{25}\right)$$

$$m = -15 + 12\frac{24}{25}$$

$$m = -2\frac{1}{25}$$

Subs 1 into 2

$$-\frac{1}{2}n + 2(-15 - 6n) + 3 = 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}n - 30 - 12n + 3 = 0$$

$$-12\frac{1}{2}n = 27$$

$$n = -2\frac{4}{25}$$

e) $2a + 8b = \frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{4}(a + 12b) = -3$ 2

$$2a = \frac{1}{3} - 8b$$

$$a = \frac{1}{6} - 4b \quad 1$$

Subs back into 1

$$a = \frac{1}{6} - 4\left(-1\frac{25}{48}\right) = 6\frac{1}{4}$$

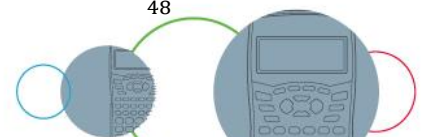
Subs 1 into 2

$$\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{1}{6} - 4b + 12b\right) = -3$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{1}{6} + 8b\right) = -3$$

$$\frac{1}{24} + 2b = -3$$

$$2b = -3\frac{1}{24} \quad \therefore b = -1\frac{25}{48}$$



5. a) $v = u + at$

$$v - u = at$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{v-u}{t}$$

b) $s = \frac{1}{2}(u + v)t$

$$2s = (u + v)t$$

$$\frac{2s}{t} = u + v$$

$$\frac{2s}{t} - v = u$$

c) $d = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$

$$d^2 = (x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2$$

$$d^2 - (y_1 - y_2)^2 = (x_1 - x_2)^2$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - (y_1 - y_2)^2} = x_1 - x_2$$

$$x_1 = x_2 + \sqrt{d^2 - (y_1 - y_2)^2}$$

d) $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n - 1)d]$

$$\frac{2S_n}{n} = 2a + (n - 1)d$$

$$\frac{2S_n}{n} - (n - 1)d = 2a$$

$$\frac{S_n}{n} - \frac{1}{2}(n - 1)d = a$$

e) $(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$

$$(y - b)^2 = r^2 - (x - a)^2$$

$$y - b = \sqrt{r^2 - (x - a)^2}$$

$$-b = \sqrt{r^2 - (x - a)^2} - y$$

$$b = y - \sqrt{r^2 - (x - a)^2}$$

6. a) $x + 3 = 2^3$

$$x + 3 = 8$$

$$x = 5$$

b) $3^x + 6 = 87$

$$3^x = 81$$

$$3^x = 3^4$$

$$x = 4$$



$$\text{c) } m^3 - 2 = 341$$

$$m^3 = 343$$

$$m = \sqrt[3]{343}$$

$$m = 7$$

$$\text{d) } 8^n + 2 = 6$$

$$2^{3n} = 4$$

$$2^{3n} = 2^2$$

$$\therefore 3n = 2$$

$$n = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{e) } p^3 - 7 = 118$$

$$p^3 = 125$$

$$p = \sqrt[3]{125}$$

$$p = 5$$

$$\text{f) } \frac{q^4}{3} = 27$$

$$q^4 = 81$$

$$q = \sqrt[4]{81}$$

$$q = 3$$

$$\text{g) } 7^r = 1$$

$$7^r = 7^0$$

$$r = 0$$

$$\text{h) } 6^t + 2 = 38$$

$$6^t = 36$$

$$6^t = 6^2$$

$$t = 2$$

$$\text{i) } 4^v = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2^{2v} = 2^{-1}$$

$$2v = -1$$

$$v = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{j) } w^{-3} = \frac{1}{125}$$

$$w^{-3} = 5^{-3}$$

$$w = 5$$

$$7. \quad \text{a) } \text{Train 1: } d = 100t + 68$$

$$\text{Train 2: } d = 120t + 30$$

$$\therefore 100t + 68 = 120t + 30$$

$$\therefore 38 = 20t$$

$$\therefore t = 1.9 \text{ or } 1 \text{ hour and } 54 \text{ minutes}$$

(d = distance; t = time in hours)

Therefore the trains will pass each other after 1 hour and 54 minutes.

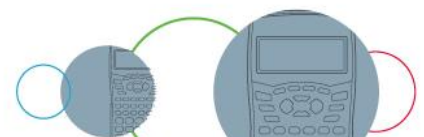


b) $2^x = 16$ Therefore Amy's money will grow to 16 times the amount it is
 $2^x = 2^4$ now in $4 \times 3 = 12$ years.
 $\therefore x = 4$

c) $h = d^2 - 15d + 54$ where $h = 0$
 $0 = d^2 - 15d + 54$
 $0 = (d - 9)(d - 6)$
 $d = 9$ or $d = 6$
 \therefore The ball is thrown 6m from the tree and lands 9m from the tree.

d) $Cost = R50 + R30 \times \text{number of days}$
 $R230 = R50 + R30 \times n$
 $R180 = R30 \times n$
 $6 = n$
 \therefore Sipho rented the tuxedo for 6 days.

e) $Cost = R5 \times \text{number of keyrings} + R2000$
 $Profit = R14 \times \text{number of keyrings}.$
 To start making a profit, your profit must be more than or equal to your cost:
 $\therefore 5n + 2000 = 14n$
 $\therefore 2000 = 9n$
 $\therefore n = 222\frac{2}{9}$
 \therefore To make a profit the company needs to sell 223 or more keyrings.



f) Total cost = R400 x 24 = R9600

Total paid = Original Cost (1 + interest x number of years)

$$R9\ 600 = R5999(1 + \textit{interest} \times (24 \div 12))$$

$$1.600 = 1 + \textit{interest} \times 2$$

$$0.6 = \textit{interest} \times 2$$

$$0.3 = \textit{interest}$$

∴ The company is charging Vusi 30% interest

g) Length and breadth of the box is x

$$\therefore (x + 8)(x + 7) = 210$$

$$x^2 + 8x + 7x + 56 - 210 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 15x - 154 = 0$$

$$(x + 22)(x - 7) = 0$$

$$x = -22 \text{ or } x = 7$$

$x \neq -22$ as it is impossible to have negative length.

∴ The length of the box is 7mm + 8mm = 15mm and the width is 7mm + 7mm = 14mm.

h) $3 \times \textit{burgers} + 2 \times \textit{cans} = R138$

$5 \times \textit{burgers} + 6 \times \textit{cans} = R254$ 2

$$2c = 138 - 3b$$

$$c = 69 - \frac{3}{2}b$$
 1

Subs 1 into 2

$$\therefore 5b + 6\left(69 - \frac{3}{2}b\right) = 254$$

Subs back into 1

$$5b + 414 - 9b = 254$$

$$c = 69 - \frac{3}{2}(40)$$

$$-4b = -160$$

$$c = 69 - 60$$

$$\therefore b = 40$$

$$c = 9$$

∴ A burger costs R40 and a can costs R9 and together they cost R49.

